(c) EXCEPTION.—The Under Secretary of Transportation for Security may waive 1 or more of the minimum requirements described in subsection (a) for a United States seaport if the Secretary determines that it is not appropriate for such seaport to implement the requirement.

## SEC. 303. SECURING SENSITIVE INFORMATION.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Port described in section 101(a) or, if authority is delegated under section 101(b), the Captain-of-the-Port of each United States seaport shall secure and protect all sensitive information, including information that is currently available to the public, related to the seaport.
- (b) SENSITIVE INFORMATION.—In this section, the term "sensitive information" means—
  - (1) maps of the seaport;
- (2) blueprints of structures located within the seaport; and
- (3) any other information related to the security of the seaport that the Director of the Port described in section 101(a) or, if authority is delegated under section 101(b), the Captain-of-the-Port determines is appropriate to secure and protect.

### SEC. 304. CONTAINER SECURITY.

- (a) CONTAINER SEALS.—
- (1) APPROVAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security and the Commissioner of Customs shall jointly approve minimum standards for high security container seals that—
- (A) meet or exceed the American Society for Testing Materials Level D seals;
- (B) permit each seal to have a unique identification number; and
- (C) contain an electronic tag that can be read electronically at a seaport.
- (2) REQUIREMENT FOR USE.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Transportation for Security shall deny entry by a vessel into the United States if the containers carried by the vessel are not sealed with a high security container seal approved under paragraph (1).
- (b) IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—A shipment that is shipped to or from the United States either directly or via a foreign port shall have a designated universal transaction number.
- (2) TRACKING.—The person responsible for the security of a container shall record the universal transaction number assigned to the shipment under subparagraph (1), as well as any seal identification number on the container, at every port of entry and point at which the container is transferred from one convevance to another convevance.
  - (c) PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (1) GRANTS.—The Under Secretary of Transportation for Security is authorized to award grants to eligible entities to develop improved seals for cargo containers that are able to—
- (A) immediately detect tampering with the seal;
- (B) immediately detect tampering with the walls, ceiling, or floor of the container that indicates a person is attempting to improperly access the container; and
- (C) transmit information regarding tampering with the seal, walls, ceiling, or floor of the container in real time to the appropriate authorities at a remote location.
- (2) APPLICATION.—Each eligible entity desiring a grant under this subsection shall submit an application to the Under Secretary at such time, in such manner, and accompanied by such information as the Under Secretary may reasonably require.
- (3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—In this subsection, the term "eligible entity" means any na-

tional laboratory, nonprofit private organization, institution of higher education, or other entity that the Under Secretary determines is eligible to receive a grant authorized by paragraph (1).

- (d) EMPTY CONTAINERS.-
- (1) CERTIFICATION.—The Commissioner of Customs shall issue regulations that set out requirements for certification of empty containers that will be shipped to or from the United States either directly or via a foreign port. Such regulations shall require that an empty container—
- (A) be inspected and certified as empty prior to being loaded onto a vessel for transportation to a United States seaport; and
- (B) be sealed with a high security container seal approved under subsection (a)(1) to enhance the security of United States seaports.

# STATEMENTS ON SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 315—CON-GRATULATING LANCE ARM-STRONG FOR WINNING THE 2002 TOUR DE FRANCE

Mrs. HUTCHISON (for herself, Mr. GRAMM, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. BROWNBACK, and Mr. DURBIN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

## S. RES. 315

Whereas Lance Armstrong completed the 2,036-mile, 20-day course in 82 hours, 5 minutes, and 12 seconds to win the 2002 Tour de France, 7 minutes and 17 seconds ahead of his nearest competitor;

Whereas Lance Armstrong's win on July 28, 2002, in Paris, marks his fourth successive victory of the Tour de France, a feat surpassing all cycling records previously attained by an American cyclist;

Whereas Lance Armstrong displayed incredible perseverance, determination, and leadership to prevail over the mountainous terrain of the Alps and Pyrenees, vast stretches of countryside, and numerous city streets during the course of the premier cycling event in the world;

Whereas Lance Armstrong is the first cancer survivor to win the Tour de France;

Whereas in 1997, Lance Armstrong defeated choriocarcinoma, an aggressive form of testicular cancer that had spread throughout his abdomen, lungs, and brain, and after treatment has remained cancer-free for the past 5 years;

Whereas Lance Armstrong's bravery and resolution to overcome cancer has made him a role model to cancer patients and their loved ones, and his efforts through the Lance Armstrong Foundation have helped to advance cancer research, diagnosis, and treatment, and after-treatment services;

Whereas Lance Armstrong has been vital to the promotion of cycling as a sport, a healthy fitness activity, and a pollution-free transportation alternative; and

Whereas Lance Armstrong's accomplishments as an athlete, teammate, father, husband, cancer survivor, and advocate have made him an American hero: Now, therefore, he it.

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) congratulates Lance Armstrong and his team on his historic victory of the 2002 Tour de France;
- (2) commends the unwavering commitment to cancer awareness and survivorship demonstrated by Lance Armstrong; and

(3) directs the Secretary of the Senate to transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to Lance Armstrong.

SENATE RESOLUTION 316—A BILL DESIGNATING THE YEAR BEGIN-NING FEBRUARY 1, 2003, AS THE "YEAR OF THE BLUES"

Mrs. LINCOLN (for herself, Mr. Coch-RAN, Mr. THOMPSON, and Mr. FRIST) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

#### S. RES. 316

Whereas blues music is the most influential form of American roots music, with its impact heard around the world in rock and roll, jazz, rhythm and blues, country, and even classical music;

Whereas the blues is a national historic treasure, which needs to be preserved, studied, and documented for future generations;

Whereas the blues is an important documentation of African-American culture in the twentieth century;

Whereas the various forms of the blues document twentieth-century American history during the Great Depression and in the areas of race relations, pop culture, and the migration of the United States from a rural, agricultural society to an urban, industrialized Nation;

Whereas the blues is the most celebrated form of American roots music, with hundreds of festivals held and millions of new or reissued blues albums released each year in the United States:

Whereas the blues and blues musicians from the United States, whether old or new, male or female, are recognized and revered worldwide as unique and important ambassadors of the United States and its music;

Whereas it is important to educate the young people of the United States to understand that the music that they listen to today has its roots and traditions in the blues:

Whereas there are many living legends of the blues in the United States who need to be recognized and to have their story captured and preserved for future generations; and

Whereas the year 2003 is the centennial anniversary of when W.C. Handy, a classically-trained musician, heard the blues for the first time, in a train station in Mississippi, thus enabling him to compose the first blues music to distribute throughout the United States, which led to him being named "Father of the Blues": Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates the year beginning February 1, 2003, as the "Year of the Blues"; and
- (2) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the "Year of the Blues" with appropriate ceremonies, activities, and educational programs.

SENATE RESOLUTION 317—TO AUTHORIZE THE PRODUCTION OF RECORDS BY THE PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS OF THE COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Mr. DASCHLE (for himself and Mr. LOTT) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to: